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A Baring Out.

Prices Pared to the Quick—
The Prudent Purchaser's Chance!

Men's \$12 and \$15 Suits
Reduced to

\$6.75

A Bona Fide Reduction from Prices that were Already the Lowest.

This morning we place on sale 600 Men's Suits—made by us to sell at maker's prices of \$12 and \$15.

Cut, made and trimmed in perfect style, and fully guaranteed for satisfactory wear.

Made of Casimeres, Worsteds and Cheviots—in light and dark mixtures and fashionable colors—three and four-button Suits and Cutaways.

Every size is here—for fat men, slim men and regular-sized men.

On Sale This Morning.

Early comers may have more convenience, and will certainly have a wider range of selection.

THE WHEN

THE "YOUNG GIBLARTAR" DRUG HOUSE
Twenty years established. Prices lowered—quality maintained.

FRANK H. CARTER. - 300 Massachusetts Avenue.

HAVE YOU BOUGHT?

DON'T

Until you have seen and compared our values on

REFRIGERATORS GAS STOVES

INDIANAPOLIS STOVE CO., - 71 & 73 South Meridian Street

FANS - ELECTRIC FANS
Ceiling Fans, Column Fans, Desk Fans, Water Fans, Exhaust Fans.

Sole agent for the celebrated CRESCENT FAN, the only strictly first-class Fan on the market. Estimates furnished.

C. W. MEIKEL, 96 and 98 East New York Street,
Cor. Massachusetts Ave. and Delaware St.
Repairing and Electric Construction of all kinds.

THE INDIANAPOLIS WAREHOUSE CO. BIG 4 ROUTE
Warehousemen, Forwarding and Commission Merchants.
Money advanced on consignments. Registered. Nos. 285 to 293 SOUTH MERIDIAN STREET. Telephone 1342.

C., H. & D. R. R. SCHWABEN VEREIN
ANNOUNCE THE FOLLOWING
EXCURSION RATES:

4th July. Sell on July 2 and 4. Good to return until 5th. HALF FARE.
Y. P. S. C. E.—Boston Meeting
\$19 Sell on July 5 to 9. Good to return until Aug. 3.

Baptist Young People's Meeting
\$16 BALTIMORE, MD. Sell on July 16 and 17. Good to return until Aug. 5. For tickets and full information call at 111 East Washington St., Jackson St. Station.
GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.

TO PRINCIPALS AND TEACHERS
The L. N. A. & C.—(Monon Route).
Will sell tickets between July 4 and 7, to the
Denver Association Meeting,
At HALF RATE,
And Give Choice of Routes Going and Returning.

Mr. J. B. WOODRUFF, Supervisor of Pennsylvania Indiana Schools, will run a personally conducted excursion, leaving Indianapolis at 11:30 a. m., Saturday, July 6, passing through Chicago, and without change of cars.
Special invitation is extended to all teachers, and correspondence is solicited.
GEO. W. HAYLER, D. P. A.,
FRANK J. REED, G. P. A., Chicago, Ill.

Shirt Waists
We are now prepared to deliver a nice line of Ladies' Shirt Waists at Low Prices.

The Excelsior Shirt Mfg. Co.,
25-27 W. Pearl,
INDIANAPOLIS, IND.,
(Wholesale Exclusive.)

Sunday Journal
By Mail, to Any Address
Two Dollars Per Annum

SIX FIREMEN DEAD

TWO SERIOUSLY INJURED AND OTHERS REPORTED MISSING.

Disastrous Results of a Blaze at Minneapolis that Caused a Property Loss of Over \$100,000.

BIG FIRE AT SAN FRANCISCO

BUILDINGS AND GOODS WORTH ABOUT \$1,000,000 DESTROYED.

Three Wineries and Their Contents Licked Up by the Flames—Over 100 Families Homeless.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., June 27.—The most disastrous fire which ever visited Minneapolis accomplished its work of destruction and death to-night. Within an hour after the alarm rang in, at 11 o'clock, six firemen paid the penalty of death for their faithfulness in trying to save the property of others. The dead are:

JOSEPH HAY, truck No. 2.
WALTER RICHARDSON, hose No. 6.
JOHN RULAND, hose No. 6.
JOHN HORNBER, truck No. 10; died on way to hospital.
NEW MEMBER of engine company No. 14; unidentified.

Several others were seriously injured, and it is thought that there may be still more dead who have not yet been identified from under the ruins of the walls which fell and crushed them. The seriously injured, so far as known, are:

ED THIELEN, lieutenant of hook and ladder company No. 14.
CAPTAIN CADWELL, engine company No. 6.

The property loss consisted of the entire demolition of the building occupied by McDonald Brothers, dealers in crockery, china, ware, glassware, silverware and glass fixtures. The building was of four stories, brick walls and wooden interior framework, and was well stocked. The fire originated in the boxes and packing stored in the rear of the building, and was beyond the power of the fire department to control. At a few minutes before midnight the walls fell, one side wall falling in and the other falling out into the alley, where the firemen were working. The total loss will aggregate over \$100,000; insurance unknown.

The first evidence of the coming disaster was the discovery of smoke from the rear portion of the building at 10:40 o'clock. For nearly half an hour the smoke continued from the walls and roof of the building. It broke out first on the alley nearest Third street. The firemen could clearly see that the flames were under full headway in the back part of the building. So the great store stood for nearly twenty minutes a vortex of flame, within a dark exterior.

BLAZE AT FRISCO.

Many Buildings Burned, Causing a Loss of \$1,000,000.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 27.—The most disastrous fire in many years broke out here about 6 o'clock this evening, in a box factory at the corner of Fifth and Bryant streets. A strong south wind was blowing, and the flames spread rapidly. The entire fire department was immediately called out, and for four hours the firemen had such a battle with fire as seldom falls to their lot. They could do nothing to stop the progress of the conflagration, and only a timely change in the wind, which swept the flames back over the burned district, saved the entire district south of Market street from destruction. Although many scores of buildings were consumed, the property loss was not large, as the fire was kept away from the richly-stored warehouses in the district, and only cheap frame structures, occupied by poor laboring people and small manufacturers were damaged. The loss will probably be between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000, with very little insurance as the insurance companies have long avoided taking risks in that section. It was the worst fire scare that San Francisco has had in many a day, and the most alarming reports of the progress and magnitude of the fire were current throughout the city.

The fire was the fiercest since the city was destroyed. Three big wineries, containing millions of gallons of wine, wool warehouses, freight houses, railroad yards, docks, lumber and coal yards had narrow escapes.

One fatality has been reported. Miss Gilroy was covered with burning oil and perished.

Later estimates place the losses at \$1,000,000, with a probability that it will amount to \$1,500,000. The greater part of four blocks was consumed.

LAWYER COTTLE'S ABDUCTION.

Buffalo Police Trying to Fasten the Crime on an Escaped Convict.

BUFFALO, June 27.—The abduction of lawyer Cottle is still a mystery. The man whom the police want to find, and in whom they have fixed as the author of the plot, is a former resident of Cincinnati, who, some years ago, was arrested, tried and convicted for violating the postal laws. He was sentenced to a long term of imprisonment, but succeeded in escaping and making his way to Canada, where he has eluded pursuit and extradition. He opened negotiations with Mr. Cottle to secure a pardon for him to enable him to return to the United States. He wrote the attorney that he had plenty of money, if money was needed to obtain the pardon. This money, estimated variously from \$5,000 to \$7,000, was put in attorney Cottle's hands, but he did not get the pardon. The man repeatedly refused to return to the United States, and finally, threats that if Cottle did not return the money, or part of it, he would make trouble, being a conviction, he could not come to the United States to sue for it, and so, according to the police story, he obtained a confederate in the person of another ex-convict, and the two planned to make the job. The police say that the demand on Mr. Cottle was for \$5,000, and that in the letter he wrote his wife he inclosed a promissory note for that amount, which she could raise the cash. The police say that the man who showed him the note, but went to Fort Erie to negotiate for the return of his father for a lesser sum. The police are satisfied that this man is back in Canada again, and as he has obtained a long residence there under another name it may be difficult to trace him.

Religious Garb Bill Approved.

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 27.—Governor H. B. Harris has approved the religious garb bill, which prohibits teachers in public schools from wearing any distinguishing religious garb or insignia of religious orders.

McKinley to Old Soldiers.

MEADVILLE, Pa., June 27.—Governor McKinley spoke here at the commencement exercises of Allegheny College, an educational institution. In the afternoon he addressed the

Northwestern Association of the G. A. R. He attacked the Democratic revision of the pension roll, saying: "Reducing the government pension roll by death carries with it no dishonor, and no suggestion of unworthiness, but reducing the pension roll from any other cause, except from a conclusive and just one, is reducing the pension roll against the patriotic sentiment of the people. No old soldier wants anybody to have a pension who has not earned it, and no old soldier would accept a pension if he was not deserving of the honor." His address was greeted with prolonged applause.

WHAT EVERYBODY KNEW.

Melbourne Says He Never Had Any Power to Produce Rats.

CLEVELAND, June 27.—Frank Melbourne, the erstwhile Western "Rain King," whose services were in such urgent demand in the West two or three years ago, is located in this city. In speaking of his experience as a rainmaker Melbourne admitted that the whole thing was a humbug, and that he never can keep them moving. He says the American people like to be humbugged, and the fact Melbourne made a fortune in the business and spent it like a prince.

MONEY FOR SULLIVAN

THE BIG FELLOW'S BENEFIT LAST NIGHT A GREAT SUCCESS.

Frivolous Attempt to Attach the Box Office Receipts—Speeches by the Ex-Champion and Champion Corbett.

NEW YORK, June 27.—John L. Sullivan had a rousing benefit at the Madison Square Garden to-night. The crowd was quite as large as that which witnessed the benefit tendered to Jack Dempsey a few weeks ago, and when Sullivan was seen by the multitude, the walls of the big amphitheater were shaken with the cheers and applause. Early in the evening it was known that the Metropolitan Box Printing Company had secured an attachment against the box office receipts. A deputy sheriff was promptly on hand, but was confronted by Max Davies, who represented "Pecos" Davies, the Chicago. Hirsch was fortified with a bill of sale, which showed that, on June 23, Davies had bought the privileges of the show from Sullivan for the consideration of \$5,000. This instrument was more than sufficient to keep the deputy sheriff from interfering with the proceeds of the show.

It was announced by John P. Dunn that the Florida Athletic Club, through its representative, Joe Vending, had offered a purse of \$7,500 to George Dixon, of Boston, and Billy Plimmer, of England, to decide the featherweight championship of the world. Tom O'Rourke, of New York, said he was willing to go as far as the Dixon end was concerned, and Billy Plimmer will be looked to for a very quick answer. The fight will be brought off during the week the Corbett-Fitzsimmons bout is scheduled for. A letter from Bob Fitzsimmons, at Sacramento, was read in which the lightweight champion expressed his sorrow at not being able to be present.

"Kid" McCoy, of Minneapolis, and Billy Vernon, the Haverstraw "brickmaker," were first in order. The bag-punching contest between Joe Choyinski, of San Francisco, Harry Fiedler, of California, and Jack Cornell, of New York, was well appreciated and the San Francisco man easily outclassed the others. Billy Hennessey, of Boston, who was bested by Dan Treddon, of New York, was next in order. "Mysterious" Billy Smith, of Boston, in a three-round bout, and Smith only played with a respect from the Boston man.

George Green, better known as "Young Corbett," of San Francisco, and Jimmy Foley, of New York, were next in order. Foley was the more aggressive, and were it not for the referee stopping the bout after forty seconds' duration, the fight might have been a "knock-out." Foley would have been the victor, but he was stopped by the referee. "Mysterious" Billy Smith, of Boston, in a three-round bout, and Smith only played with a respect from the Boston man.

The men then boxed three short rounds and then a ten-round bout between Sullivan and Corbett. Sullivan was the victor, and he was charged by many that he was a cheat. Sullivan was charged by many that he was a cheat.

WHEELING, W. Va., June 27.—To-night the Metropolitan Athletic club's carnival of boxing was the most successful yet held here. Billy Dooley, of San Francisco, and "Billy" Grace, of New York, Dooley, with his great reach, entirely outclassed Grace, and would have knocked him out in the fifth but for the interference of the referee, who gave him a ten-second rest. The main event of the evening was a twenty-five-round bout between "Tim" Scallan, of Woods, the Denver heavy weight, and "Tim" Scallan, of Woods, the Denver heavy weight.

LINED WITH GREENBACKS.

Five Thousand Dollars Found in an Old Skirt.

FAYETTE, Mo., June 27.—In an old skirt belonging to the late Mrs. Augusta Keller, of Lexington, Mo., who died at the home of her niece, Mrs. L. Keller, of this city, \$5,000 in greenbacks was found. The family have valued the skirt at \$100.

The Philadelphia and Olympia.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 27.—The United States cruiser Philadelphia, with Admiral Schuch, in command, arrived here to-day and anchored in the stream, preparatory to going up to Mare Island. She was the first of the fleet to arrive here.

The Philadelphia and Olympia. The Philadelphia and Olympia. The Philadelphia and Olympia.

ST. LOUIS INTERSTATE DEBIL.

ST. LOUIS, June 27.—Col. George A. Purinton, Third Cavalry, United States army, commander of Jefferson Barracks, has been selected as commander of the interstate competitive drill and encampment, which opens next Monday.

Amos J. Cummings "Fired."

NEW YORK, June 27.—Mayor Strong has removed Subways Commissioner Amos J. Cummings, and has appointed Thomas L. Hamilton, a Platt Republican, as his successor.

MASSACRE IN CUBA

SMALL FORCE OF GERILLAS SLAUGHTERED BY INSURGENTS.

Hand to Hand Fight, with Machetes as Weapons, in Which the Spaniards Were Outnumbered.

GOMEZ NOW CAUSING ALARM

SITUATION SO SERIOUS THAT CAMPOS HAS CABLED FOR HELP.

Spain Asked to Send 14,000 Additional Troops—The Revolt Caused by Burdensome Taxes.

HAVANA, June 27.—Details reached here to-day of a desperate fight between a portion of the insurgents' force, under Maximo Gomez, in the province of Puerto Principe, and seventy of the auxiliary troops of the Spanish government, known as guerrillas, under command of Captain Aguero. The engagement took place on the day of the insurgent raid upon San Gerónimo. The seventy guerrillas were surprised by the vanguard of Gomez's forces, commanded by Nicasio Mirabel, and there was great slaughter on both sides, the fighting being mainly with machetes. The guerrillas were out on a reconnoitering expedition, and unexpectedly came across the insurgent vanguard, consisting of about four hundred men. At first the guerrillas imagined they had only a comparatively small body of men before them, and their commander, Aguero, called upon the insurgents to halt, crying out: "Who goes there?"

"Spanish forces," was the reply of the insurgent leader, as his men continued to advance rapidly upon the government guerrillas. Twice or three times more did the guerrillas try to halt the insurgents, but the latter pushed on quietly until, finally, the guerrillas were fired at and killed. At this point the guerrillas were taken by surprise, and they were confronted by the Spanish guerrillas, as they had been led to believe, and the mask being thrown off, the guerrillas replied to the oft-repeated cry of "At the machete!" with volleys from their carbines, as they commenced to retreat before the vastly superior force of insurgents.

Soon the government soldiers and the insurgent troops became engaged in a hand-to-hand combat, which quickly became little more than a massacre to the unfortunate guerrillas. The insurgents, in the meanwhile, had been reinforced, until they were able to have numbered fully 1,500 men, compared with the few hundred men under the command of Gomez. Against these overwhelming numbers the guerrillas fought heroically, shouting "Vive Espana!" as they defended themselves as best they could against the enemy, using rocks or anything available behind which to shelter themselves. The guerrillas were killed, and the Spanish guerrillas were taken by surprise, and they were confronted by the Spanish guerrillas, as they had been led to believe, and the mask being thrown off, the guerrillas replied to the oft-repeated cry of "At the machete!" with volleys from their carbines, as they commenced to retreat before the vastly superior force of insurgents.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Under date of June 22, at Key West, Fla., Captain Miller, commanding the Raleigh, reports to the Navy Department, saying that he intended to make a cruise westward as far as Tampa Bay, and concerning the situation in Cuba, he says: "The situation in Cuba is very quiet, and the conditions are such as to indicate that it is very improbable that any serious attempts to violate the neutrality laws will be made. The fact seems to be well established now that the party which left here on the 6th inst., numbered between fifteen and twenty only, and that they were taken from the north end of the island by a small sailing vessel and probably transferred to some other vessel near the Bahama."

A Republic to Be Proclaimed.

NEW YORK, June 27.—The world says: A republic is to be proclaimed in Cuba. An election of delegates will take place in New York July 10. All the Cuban clubs of the United States will be represented. Delegates will be elected from the provisional government of the new republic. Thomas Estrada Palma has been selected to succeed Jose Marti as president of the republic. Immediately upon the proclamation of the republic interesting-bearing news will be heard, redeemable from the Spanish domination ends.

Important Cuban Letter Stolen.

GAINESVILLE, Fla., June 27.—F. R. Anderson, who was found on a lot, Tuesday night, in an unconscious condition, regained consciousness today, and the state and county authorities have advanced last night that he was kidnapped, and an important Cuban letter taken from him.

Morning Day for Cubans.

TAMPA, Fla., June 27.—Official news of Marti's death has been received here. The directory of Cuban leaders met to-day and adopted resolutions designating next Sunday as mourning day. The Cuban flag will be displayed draped, and at half-mast in honor of Marti.

IS A GREAT SUCCESS

SECOND INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE OF THE EPWORTH LEAGUES.

Over Ten Thousand Visitors at Chattanooga—Bishop Galloway Arouses Great Enthusiasm.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 27.—The second session of the International Conference of Epworth Leagues of the Methodist churches began its meeting here this afternoon. The great tent which has been erected especially for the occasion was filled to capacity. Bishop Galloway, of Chattanooga, Dr. J. P. McFerrin, on behalf of the churches of the city, also welcomed the leaguers, and Dr. J. C. Atkins conducted introductory religious services. Bishop Galloway, of Chattanooga, Dr. J. P. McFerrin, on behalf of the churches of the city, also welcomed the leaguers, and Dr. J. C. Atkins conducted introductory religious services.

Wants 14,000 More Soldiers.

MADRID, June 27.—The Premier, Senor Canovas del Castillo announced to-day that the ministers had received a cable dispatch from Captain General Martinez de Campos, notifying the government that 14,000 additional troops will be required to enable him to undertake an offensive campaign in Cuba after the rainy season is over. The state department has caused the necessary orders to be issued, and the government has been making preparations for some time past to send additional troops to Cuba.

BURDENED WITH TAXES.

People of Cuba Forced to Pay Enormous Sums to Spain.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Testimony from people who have had personal observation of the condition of affairs in Cuba accumulates. A young man whose home is in this city has just returned from several months' stay on the island, where he has business interests. His name is E. M. Chase, and he is connected with the firm of Brooks & Co., large sugar growers at Santiago de Cuba. Mr. Chase has been stationed some fifty miles from the latter place on a large plantation belonging to the firm in the southeastern part of the island. In answer to inquiries relative to his personal observations of the revolution, he said to-day:

"The revolution commenced very near to us, and is now confined almost entirely to the province of Pinar del Rio, in the middle and lower classes of Cubans. There are a great many negroes among them, but then race distinctions are not drawn as closely in Cuba as here.

"What I know that it would be wise for me to talk freely about the state of existing affairs in Cuba, and to say anything like publicity in that regard, and as I am going back in November, it might be possible that it would be made uncomfortable for me.

Foreigners generally sympathize with the revolutionists, for the reason that those who are in business in Cuba suffer from the same causes as the revolutionists. Now, the outrageous system of taxation which Spain has fastened upon the island is the whole cause of the trouble continually breaking out there. A sum reaching nearly \$2,000,000 represents the amount of the annual tax the Cubans are subjected to, which is at the rate of \$16 per capita.

"What is taxed? Why, everything except rum and tobacco. These products are as free as air. For instance, when you take a railroad journey in Cuba you have to pay 10 per cent. additional to the cost of your ticket as a tax. Everything is

taxed about the same proportion, including the passport you get when you want to leave the country.

"When I left Cuba many of the other foreigners were also coming away. We always do, in order to get away from the hot and rainy season, which begins about July 15, is productive of much sickness, particularly fevers. The insurgents are looking forward to this season with extreme pleasure. They are well aware that it will be a most powerful ally for them in their struggle against Spain.

"You see the soldiers Spain is now sending into Cuba are recruited from the mountain districts in the Pyrenees. They will have no chance in the hot and rainy period that is about to envelop Cuba.

"While I was at Guantanamo 30 Spanish troops came in, and camped on our plantation. They were marched up into the hills about six miles and back again, and a number of them were prostrated by a sort of fever and were put in bullock carts and sent to the hospital.

"The rebels are pursuing a policy of warfare peculiarly their own. It is more a guerrilla warfare than anything else. They do not seek, nor will they be allowed to be drawn into a pitched battle. They will make a raid upon a town, and when the troops are sent after them they do all they can to keep them moving. They worry and nag the Spanish soldiers in every possible way, letting them have no rest if they can help it.

"You have heard of wild horses being walked down west by a party of men who take turns in keeping the animals on their feet for days at a time, until they are captured from sheer weariness. Well, that's the way the insurgents are fighting Spain. Her soldiers are unaccustomed to a campaign such as they are about to enter in Cuba. They will soon knock a man out."

"How are the chances of the insurgents regarded in Cuba?"

"The impression of those familiar with such things is that the present revolution has advanced very much further than any of its predecessors," replied Mr. Chase. "The opinion is that if Spain puts it down it will take years of time and millions upon millions of money to do it."

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CRIED FRAUD! FRAUD!

SENSATIONAL SCENE IN THE NEW TUCKY DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

Chairman Berry Roundly Denounced and Cursed by Virgil Taylor, One of the Delegates.

TICKET COMPLETED AT LAST

EXCITING CONTEST FOR THE NOMINATION OF SECRETARY OF STATE.

Interviews with Senators Voorhees and Dubois and Gen. Warner on the Silver Question.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 27.—The following is the ticket nominated by the State Democratic convention:

For Governor—P. WAT HARRIS.
Lieutenant Governor—T. T. TYLER.
Treasurer—R. C. FORD.
Auditor—J. C. NORMAN.
Register of the Land Office—G. B. SWANSON.

Attorney-general—W. J. HENDRICK.
Secretary of State—HENRY S. HALE.
Superintendent of Public Instruction—ED PORTER THOMPSON.
Commissioner of Agriculture—L. B. NALL.

The most memorable convention ever held by the Democracy of Kentucky closed here to-night at 7 o'clock, when Congressman A. S. Berry, of the Sixth Congressional district, adjourned the convention, after a day's proceedings were of a more harmonious nature than those of the preceding two days until 4:30 this afternoon, when the warmest fight of the convention developed in the race for Secretary of State. In this contest there were named as candidates Hon. J. Stoddard Johnston, of Louisville; State Treasurer Henry S. Hale, of Louisville; and John W. Healdy, of Louisville, present Secretary of State. After a hot fight and two ballots the contest centered upon the forces of Hale and Metcalfe, and the latter, seeing his defeat was certain, moved that Major Hale's nomination be made unanimous.

At 9:35 Chairman Berry rapped the convention to order. There were no prayers offered and, in order to facilitate business, a motion was put and carried that the speeches be limited to five minutes each. Nominations for State Treasurer were first taken up and four candidates named, as follows: John C. Herndon, of Louisville; W. C. Kendall, of Morgan county; R. C. Ford, of Clay county; and W. H. Gardner, of Indian county. Mr. Ford was nominated on the second ballot.

Then followed the unanimous nomination by acclamation of the present State Auditor, Luke C. Norman, to that position again.

For Register of the Land Office, J. J. Glenn, of Hopkins; M. F. Harrison, of Carroll; M. F. Brinkley, of Pulaski; A. B. McCoy, of Greenup, and Green B. Swanson, of Wolfe, were put in nomination. Mr. Swanson, being the only one named, was renominated on the third ballot, receiving 82½ votes to Glenn's 17½.

At 10:15 the convention adjourned for the evening. The next morning the convention resumed its session, and the following day the convention adjourned for the day.

Major Henry S. Hale, John W. Healdy, Charles W. Metcalfe and J. Stoddard Johnston were named as candidates for Secretary of State. The contest was a very close one, and the nomination of Major Hale was made unanimous.

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